

Quiz 4, Stat3
Time allowed 45 mins
Total marks 15

There is one continuous response and one categorical predictor (factor) at L levels, with $n_i, i = 1, \dots, L$ observations at each level. Observed values of the response are $y_{ij}, j = 1, \dots, n_i, i = 1, \dots, L$. The model is

$$y_{ij} = \beta_i + \epsilon_{ij}$$

where ϵ_{ij} are independent $\mathcal{N}(0, \sigma^2)$

1. (2) Show that the least squares estimator of β_i is $\bar{y}_i = \sum_{j=1}^{n_i} y_{ij} / n_i$
2. (1) Show that the sum of squares residual, also known as the sum of squares within(SSW), is

$$\sum_{i=1}^L \sum_{j=1}^{n_i} \hat{\epsilon}_{ij}^2 = \sum_{i=1}^L \sum_{j=1}^{n_i} (y_{ij} - \bar{y}_i)^2$$

3. (1) What is the sum of squares total(SST)?
4. (3) Show that the sum of squares between (SSB) equals

$$\sum_{i=1}^L n_i (\bar{y}_i - \bar{y})^2$$

where $\bar{y} = \sum_{i=1}^L \sum_{j=1}^{n_i} y_{ij} / \sum_{i=1}^L n_i$ using SST=SSB+SSW.

5. (2+5+1) A partially completed ANOVA table is given below, where all the n_i are equal to some n .

Source	df	SS	MS	F	p-value
Between	6	18.4			0.004
Within					
Total	41	45.2			

- (a) What are n and L ?
- (b) Complete the ANOVA table.
- (c) For Bonferroni test for equality of pairwise means at overall 5% level, what is the level of significance for each pairwise test?