Summary Report for Ontology Metadata task group of the

Vocabulary and Semantic Services Interest Group

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RDA P11 – Berlin, March 2018

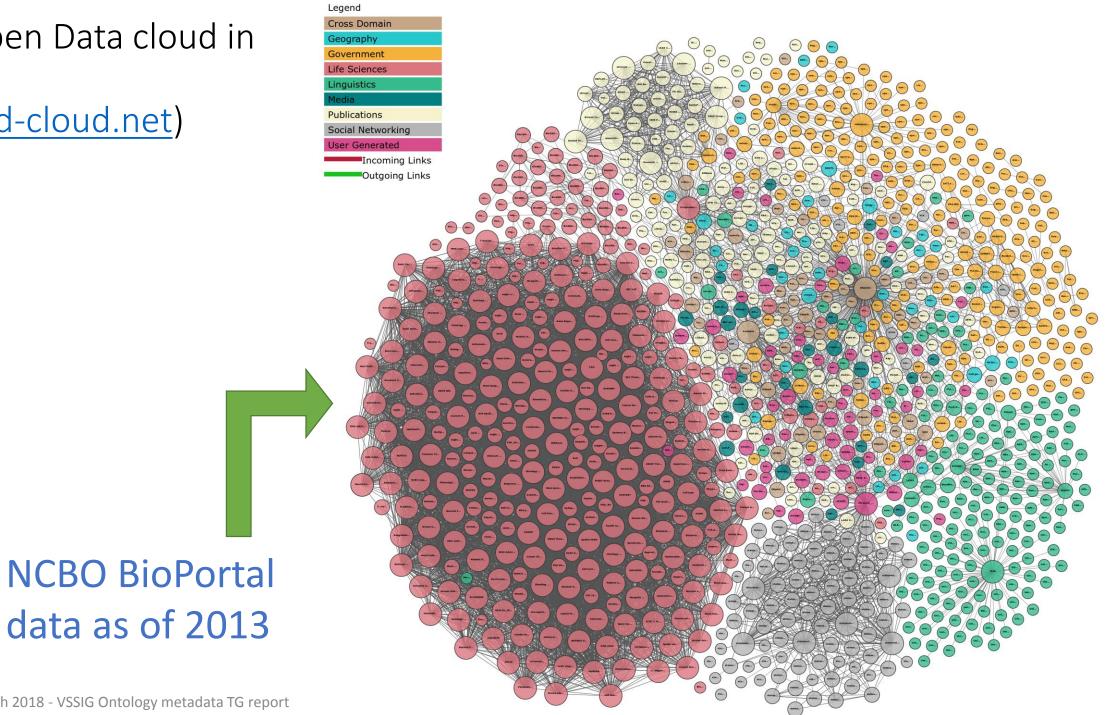




Task group interested in studying ontology metadata practices to discuss and provide recommendations



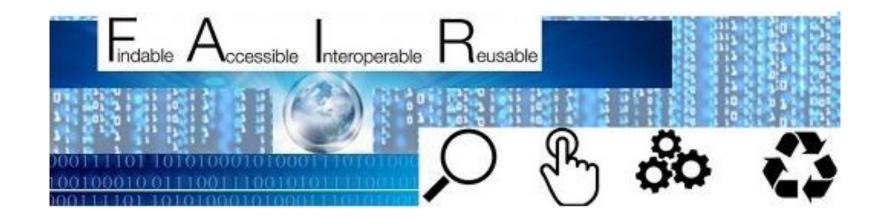
Linked Open Data cloud in 2017 (http://lod-cloud.net)



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As any data, ontologies, vocabularies, thesaurus, terminologies.... need to be FAIR



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Before the task group: Review of ontology metadata practices: Methods

- 1. Analysis of the existing metadata vocabularies for describing ontologies & literature survey
 - More than 23 vocabularies, around 450 properties reviewed
- 2. Analysis of the uses of metadata vocabularies in describing the ontologies (by the ontology developers)
 - 202 ontologies analyzed (then 805 more recently)
- 3. Analysis of the uses of metadata vocabularies in various ontology libraries & repositories
 - 12 libraries



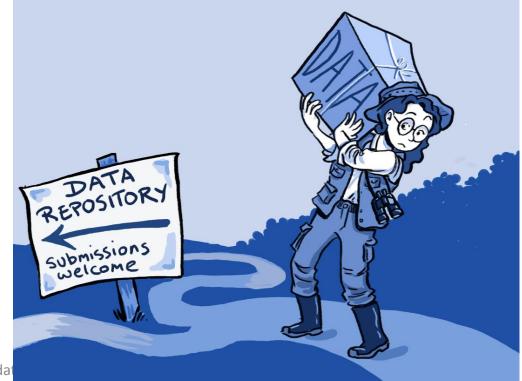
Dutta, B., ... Jonquet, C.: **New Generation Metadata vocabulary for Ontolog yDescription and Publication**. *11th Metadata and Semantics Research Conference, MTSR'17.*, Tallinn, Estonia (2017).



Review of ontology metadata practices: Findings

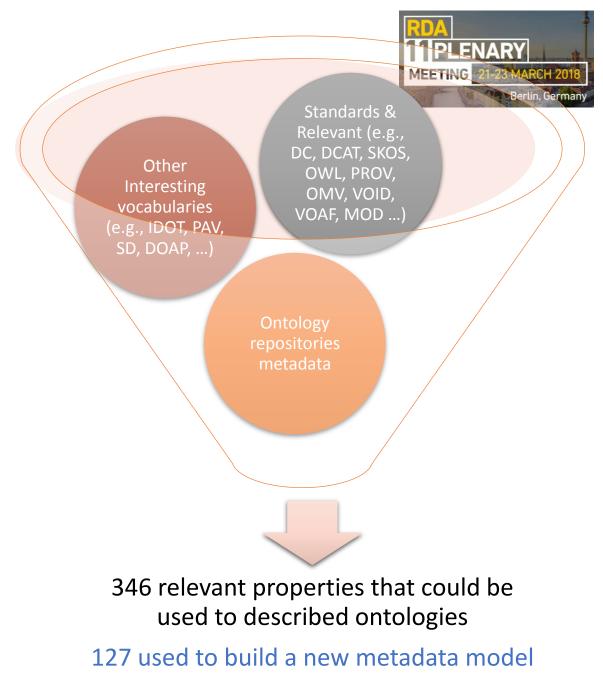
- Developers use a variety of metadata vocabularies (e.g., DC, DCT, PROV, VOiD, DCAT, Schema.org)
 - Interestingly: the only ontology specific metadata OMV (first published in 2005) is found to be hardly used by the community
 - No existing vocabularies really covers enough aspects of ontologies to be used solely
- Despite a few exceptions, metadata vocabularies do not rely on one another although there is a strong overlap observed
 - Multiple properties to capture similar information (e.g., dc:license, and cc:license)
 - For instance 25 properties available for dates
- Reviewed libraries uses, to some extent, some metadata elements but do not always use standard metadata vocabularies
- 16% of ontologies did not use any metadata properties, 43% use less than 10 properties
 - Properties facilitated by ontology editors are more frequent
 - Confusion of use: DC/DC Term or SKOS documentation properties used to describe ontologies

Ontology repositories help to make ontologies FAIR



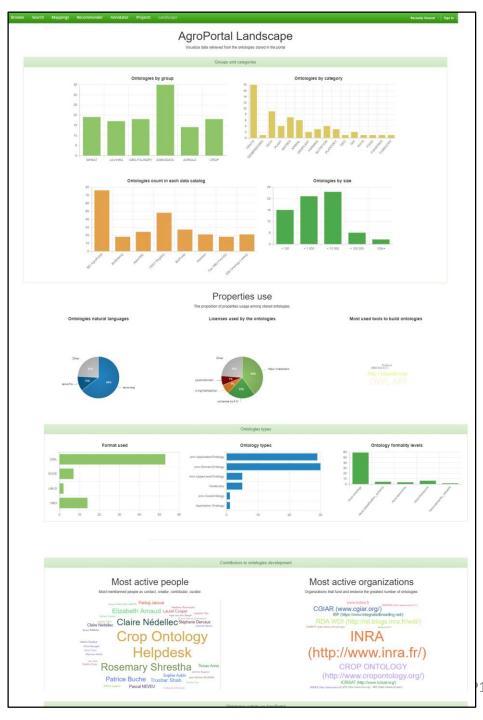
A new metadata model to better support description of ontologies and their relations

- Building a list of properties to describe ontologies
- Pickup properties and relations from 23 existing vocabularies
- Existing properties in ontology repositories (especially BioPortal)
 - Non specific properties that "belong to the ontology"



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inside AgroPortal



AgroPortal Landscape page



Display "per property"

- Global presentation of the properties
- Synthesis diagrams & listing
- Metadata automatically extracted from the files and authored by us and the ontology developers
- Explore the agronomical ontology landscape by automatically aggregating the metadata fields of each ontologies in explicit vizualizations (charts, term cloud and graphs).



Jonquet, C., Toulet, A., Dutta, B., Emonet, V.: Harnessing the power of unified metadata in an ontology repository: the case of AgroPortal. *Data Semant.* UNDER REVIEW.

Generalizing this with MOD

- Metadata vocabulary for Ontology Description and publication (v.1.2)
- 88 properties, only 13 new ones
- <u>https://github.com/sifrproject/MOD-Ontology</u>

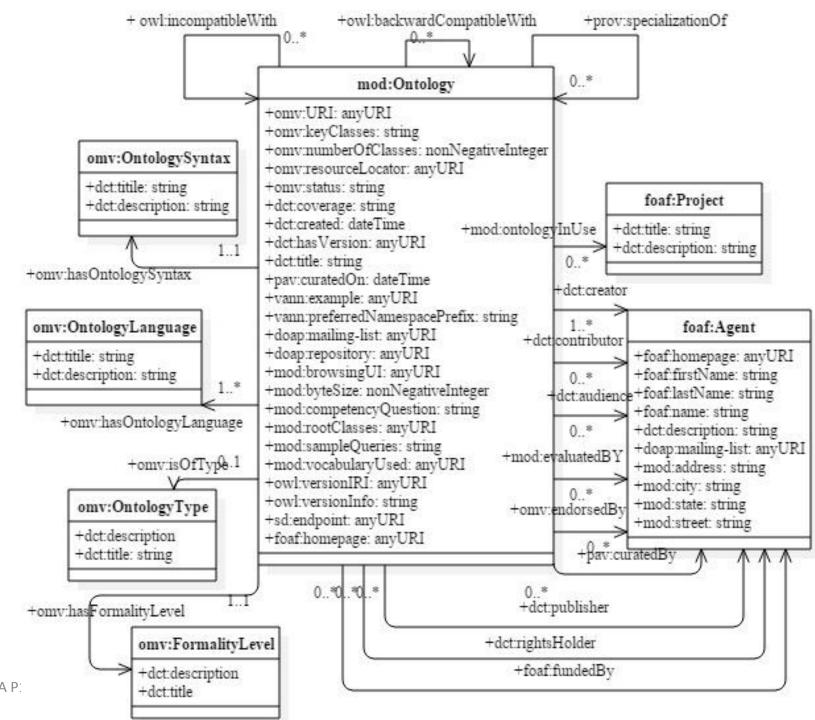


 Dutta, B., ... Jonquet, C.: New Generation Metadata vocabulary for

 Ontolog yDescription and Publication. 11th Metadata and Semantics

 Research Conference, MTSR'17. , Tallinn, Estonia (2017).

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Beginning of the task group: Survey of ontology metadata practices

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	QUESTIONS	RÉPONSES	144		
Rubrique 1 sur 5				×	:
RDA VSSIG Ontology Metadata Task Group Survey					
The goal of this survey initiated by the "ontology metadata" task group of the RDA Vocabulary Semantic Services Interest Group, is to understand how the ontology developer community authors metadata to describe their ontologies and how ontology users use or appreciate these metadata.					t

We would like to find answers to following key questions: - Do ontology developers actually describe their ontology metadata? - Do ontology users rely on/utilize metadata in their use of ontologies? - What are the ways to improve the current situation and make ontologies more FAIR?

The survey should not take more than 10-15 minutes.

Thank you for your help, Clement Jonquet, Biswanath Dutta, Anne Toulet and Barbara Magana

Some definitions of the technical terms used in this survey

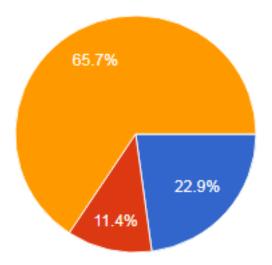
 Ontology: by ontology we mean not only an OWL structure that respects all the conditions to qualify as a fully formalized ontology. We include every semantic resource which formalizes some knowledge (vocabulary, thesaurus, taxonomy, terminology, etc.). The point is not to focus on the level of formalization of the semantic resource, but on its metadata description.

- Ontology metadata: by metadata we mean any property used to describe the ontology itself or relations between the described ontology and other resources.

- Metadata vocabularies: to avoid confusion with ontologies, we here call metadata vocabularies the semantic resources (e.g., Dublin Core, VoID, Ontology Metadata Vocabulary, DCAT, MOD, etc), which can be used to describe ontologies (or at least offer a list of metadata properties).

- Metadata authoring: the process of choosing and editing a metadata property when describing an ontology.

Based on the total 142 responses received until 19th March 2018



https://goo.gl/tXaaMf

Ontology developer
 Ontology user
 Both the above



How do you author ontology metadata?

- I use annotation properties (e.g. dc:creator, foaf:homepage, owl:versionInfo) to describe my ontology (the owl:Ontology or equivalent object (61%)
- I formally use metadata vocabularies by importing them within my ontology (27%)
- I rely on the ontology editor and do not go beyond what the user interface allows/suggests me to do (21%)
- I do not use any metadata to describe the ontology (12%)

Top 5 things you would like to know when searching and selecting an ontology

(Selected)

- How complex the ontology (with lots of relations)?
- Update frequency
- Credibility
- Uses and user base
- Subject coverage and comprehensiveness
- Community support
- Expressivity level

- Actively maintained?
- Natural language description
- Depth
- Code source location and issue tracker

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Berlin, Germa

- Any standard/ nomenclature applied
- How the ontology evolved (research project, industrial application need)?
- Underline use case, scope, publications

If you have to describe a property, especially the entities like person, organization, location, etc. what do you generally do?



- I try to always (re)use an existing URI when authoring my metadata (47%)
 - dc:creator https://orcid.org/0000-0003-3059-8202
 - foaf:organization <u>https://www.w3.org</u>
- I do prefer the string values (21%)
 - dc:creator "John Smith"
- I do use URIs but I define them in my own namespace (18%)
 - dc:creator mynamespace:jsmith

Do you know or use the following metadata standards?



unknown (u)	NKOS (104), IDOT (102) DOOR (100), VANN (95), ADMS (91), MOD (91), OMV (81), OboInOwl(80), DCT (48),
known but never used (k)	CC (45), SD (42), FOAF(38), OMV (33), VOID (29), SKOS (27), SPARQL (25), OMV (33), MOD (24)
sometimes used (s)	SPARQL (36), MOD (7), OMV (4),
often used (o)	DC(42), DCT(25), DCAT (16), OMV (6), MOD(2)
always used/mandatory (m)	OWL (59), RDFS (54), SPARQL (41), FOAF (16), DCT (15), OMV(2)

Metadata information that you think are missing in the existing metadata vocabularies that you are aware of?

- Complexity, (Human) labelling languages
- Entity similarity measure (for mapping ontologies)
- Data quality metrics
- typical examples
- Privacy constraints
- security information
- none for my current use
- number of synonyms, number of hidden labels, number of hierarchical levels

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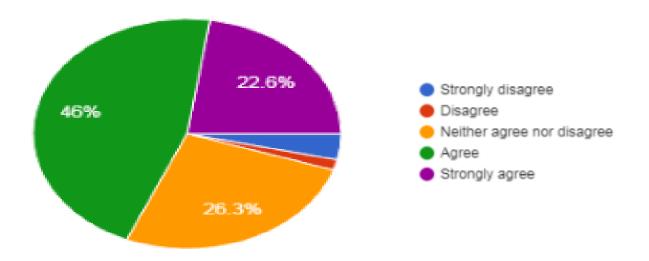


What will make you focus more on ontology metadata authoring?

- Guidelines and recommendations (58%)
- Unique community standard (49%)
- Better user interface within an ontology editor (47%)
- Simple template to copy/paste and quickly edit in the ontology file (29%)
- Incentives in terms of ontology citation, reuse, etc. (27%)
- Mandatory to publish metadata to a library or repository (25%)



Would you find it useful to be supported by a tool to author ontology metadata?



Starting as a group....



- A new task group starting... workplan to decide...
 - On going work on AgroPortal metadata model
 - Ongoing work on MOD... we shall do that collaboratively within the group... maybe a DCAT profile ?
- Participate into the survey: https://goo.gl/tXaaMf (until end of March)
 - Use the consolidated **OUTPUTS of the SURVEY** as a starting point
- Online meetings to be organized (starting in April)
- Join us to discuss these subjects on the Slack channel #tg-ontology-metadata