

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} |f(a_n)| = \infty$$

3(a)

(2) A sequence is a $f: \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$
 we denote $a_n = f(n)$

In short we will call $\{a_n\}_{n \geq 1}$

Negation

All boys are wearing pink shirt
 There exist boy who is NOT wearing pink shirt

(X) (?) $\leftarrow$ All boys are NOT wearing pink shirt

3(a) For every $\varepsilon > 0$ there exists $N > 0$ such that $|a_n - L| < \varepsilon$
whenever $n \geq N$.

$\forall \varepsilon > 0 \quad \exists N_0 > 0$ such that $|a_n - L| < \varepsilon, \forall n \geq N_0$

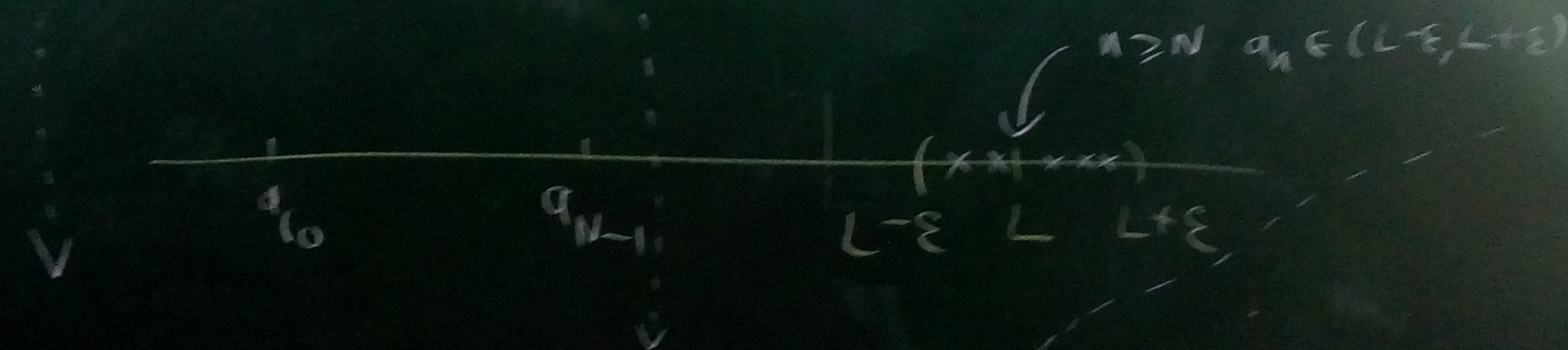
$$a_n = C$$

$$a_n = \left(\frac{1}{n}\right)^k b_n$$

$$\exists M > 0, |b_n| < M \quad \forall n \geq N_0$$

$$a_n = (-1)^n n$$

$$a_n = (-1)^n$$



$\exists \varepsilon_0 > 0, \forall N > 0 \quad \exists n_0 \geq N$ such that $|a_{n_0} - L| \geq \varepsilon_0$



Order of Quantifiers

(P) — $\forall x \in \mathbb{R} \quad \exists y \in \mathbb{R}$ such that

$$x = y^3$$

$$xy = 0$$

($\hat{P}$)

$$\because A = \{ y \in \mathbb{R} \mid y^3 < x \}$$

Show: — A is bounded above

— let $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$ be supremum of A

$$\alpha^3 = x$$

(Q) — $\exists y \in \mathbb{R} \quad \forall x \in \mathbb{R} \quad x = y^3$

$$xy = 0$$

($\hat{Q}$)

(P) — True but Q, false

($\hat{P}$) is true & ($\hat{Q}$) is false