## Due: Thursday, March 17th 2016

Problem to be turned in:

- 1. Suppose that  $X_n \sim \text{Cauchy}(1)$  for each  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  and are mutually independent. Find the distribution of  $\overline{X_n}$ .
- 2. Suppose that  $X_n \sim \text{Uniform } \{\frac{1}{n}, \frac{2}{n}, \dots, \frac{n-1}{n}, 1\}$  for each  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ . Show that  $X_n$  converges in distribution to X as  $n \to \infty$  with  $X \sim \text{Uniform } (0, 1)$ .
- 3. Suppose  $X_n$  converges to X in probability, that is for any  $\epsilon > 0$ ,

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} P(|X_n - X| > \epsilon) = 0.$$

then show that  $X_n$  converges in distribution to X.

- 4. Let  $X \sim \text{Bernoulli}(\frac{1}{2})$ . Let  $X_n = 1 X$  for all  $n \ge 1$ . Show that  $X_n$  converges in distribution to X but  $X_n$  does not converge in probability to X.
- 5. (Matching problem) Consider a sample,  $X_1, X_2, \ldots, X_n$  of size n, drawn from the set  $\{1, 2, 3, \ldots, n\}$  without replacement. We will say that a match occurs at i, if  $X_i = i$ . Let  $N_n$  be the total number of matchesthat occur in such a sample.
  - (a) Find the distribution of  $N_n$ .
  - (b) Does  $N_n$  converge in distribution to a random variable ?
- 6. For  $i \ge 1$ , let  $X_i \sim \text{Exponential}$  (1). Let  $Y_n = X_{(n)} \ln(n)$ . Show that  $Y_n$  converges in distribution to a random variable X and find the distribution of X.
- 7. For  $i \ge 1$ , let  $X_i \sim \text{Pareto}(i)$ . Let  $Y_n = nX_n n$ . Show that  $Y_n$  converges in distribution to a random variable X and find the distribution of X.