## Due: Thursday, October 22nd, 2009

Problem to be turned in: 2,4

1. Let $T_{m}$ count the number of heads of a biased $(p)$ coin in $m$ independent tosses. Let $S_{n}$ count the number of head of a biased $(p)$ coin in $n$ independent tosses. Find the distribution, mean and variance of $S_{m}+T_{n}$.
2. Let $\left\{X_{n}\right\}_{n=1}^{3}$ be independent discrete random variables having variances $\left\{\sigma_{1}^{2}\right\}_{i=1}^{3}$. Find the correlation coefficient between $X_{1}-X_{2}$ and $X_{2}+X_{3}$.
3. Let $X$ be a random variable with mean $\mu$ and variance $\sigma^{2}$. Find the mean and variance of the random variable $Z=\frac{X-\mu}{\sigma}$.
4. A random variable $X$ has mean $\mu=1$ and standard deviation $\sigma=2$.
(a) Find $E(3 X+4)$ and Variance $(3 X+4)$.
(b) Estimate $P(-3<X<5)$ using Tchebysheff's theorem.
5. Let $X$ be a discrete random variable with $E(X)=10$. What is the largest possible value of $P(X \geq 1000)$ ?
6. Let $X$ be discrete random variable such that $\operatorname{Range}(X)=\{0,1, \ldots, n\}$ for some $n \geq 1$. Show that

$$
E(X)=\sum_{j=1}^{n} P(X \geq j)
$$

7. Suppose that seven dice are rolled. Let $M$ be the minimum of the seven numbers. Find $E(M)$
8. Let $X$ and $Y$ be two discrete random variables. When are $X+Y$ and $X-Y$ are uncorrelated ?
