Due: Tuesday, October 28th 2003

| 1. | Define the following terms: | Aperiodic, | Reccurrent, | Stationary | distribution and Irr | educible. |
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- 2. Define a simple symmetric random walk in 3 dimensions. Decide whether the random walk is transient or recurrent.
- 3. (Nearest Neighbour Random Walk on a Circle) Let S be $\{0, 1, 2, ..., L\}$. At each step, the chain goes to the right with probability a and left with probability 1 a. If it tries go left from 0 it lands up at 0 and similarly if it tries to go right from L it lands up at 0.
 - (a) Write down the transition probability matrix, when L=4.
 - (b) Calculate the stationary distribution for the chain, for general L.
 - (c) Show that the chain is irreducible and determine if it is aperiodic for general L.
- 4. Calculate the stationary distribution for the problems 2,3,5 of Hw8.
- 5. Do the following calculations for problems $3^1,4^2$ of Hw7.
 - (a) Determine the closed³ communicating classes and their periodicity.
 - (b) Classify the states of the chain into transient and recurrent.
 - (c) Determine the stationary distribution.

Problems to be turned in are: 2,3,5

¹This model is usually referred to as the Erherenfest Diffusion model

²This model is usally referred to as the Gambler's ruin Chain

³A communicating class C is said to be closed if it is impossible to get out i.e. $P_{ij}=0$ for $i\in C$ and $i\not\in C$