## Due: Thursday January 27th, 2005

Problems to be turned in

- 1. Prove the Theorem stated in class for the fixed point iteration method.
- 2. Manually convert the following numbers to base 2: 5, 21, 35, 64. Check your conversion with the built-in dec2bin function.
- 3. Convert the following numbers to floating point values with eight-bit mantissas: 0.4, 0.5, 1.5
- 4. MATLAB has inbuilt variables called realmax and realmin denoting the largest and the smallest numbers it can store.
  - (a) Check that 10\*realmax generates an overflow while realmax + 1 does not. Explain.
  - (b) Using MATLAB command window find the largest n such that n! exceeds realmax. Briefly describe how you found it.
- 5. Consider  $f(x) = x^3 7$ . Find a positive root of f(x) = 0, with the thelp of a calculator. Now
  - (a) Write a m-file function bisection that takes in as input a(left end point), b(right end point), n the number of iterations and performs the Bisection method for the above function.
  - (b) Starting with the interval [1, 2] perform 3 iterations. Compare your answer to the calculator answer.