Due Date: March 12th, 2020 Problems due: 2,3

- 1. Complete the in-Class Worksheet
- 2. Write a Rcode called wiggle, with input parameter n, to perform the following tasks.
 - (a) Compute *n* equally spaced points x_k values (k = 1, ..., n) on the interval $-1 \le x \le 1$.
 - (b) Evaluate $r(x_k)$ where $r: [-1,1] \to \mathbb{R}$ given by $r(x) = \frac{1}{1+25x^2}$.
 - (c) Use the *n* pairs of $(x_k, r(x_k))$ values to define a n-1 degree polynomial interpolant, P_{n-1} .
 - (d) Create 100 equally spaced points \hat{x}_j values (j = 1, ..., 100) in the interval $-1 \le x \le 1$ and evaluate $P_{n-1}(\hat{x}_k)$.
 - (e) Plot $(x_k, r(x_k)), 1 \le k \le 10$ with open circles; $(\hat{x}_j, r(\hat{x}_j)), j = 1, ..., 100$ with solid line; and $(\hat{x}_j, P_{n-1}(\hat{x}_j)), j = 1, ..., 100$ with dashed line.
 - (f) Print the value of $|| r(\hat{x}) P_{n-1}(\hat{x}) ||_2$.

Run your wiggle function and see if you spot a wiggle effect for n = seq(5,15, by = 2) and see the behaviour of (f).

3. For a function f, the divided differences are given by

 $\begin{array}{ccc} x_0 = 0 & f[x_0] & & \\ & & f[x_0, x_1] & \\ x_1 = 0.4 & f[x_1] & & \frac{50}{7} \end{array} \\ & & 10 & \\ x_2 = 0.7 & 6 & \end{array}$ Find the missing values.

4. Show that the polynomial interpolating the following data has degree 3.

5. For data in Table (a) compute manually the (interpolating) Newton polynomial. For data in Table (b) use the program written in class-worksheet to construct the (interpolating) Newton polynomial.

	x	f(x)			х	f(x)
	-0.1	5.3			0	-6
(a)	0	2	and	(b)	0.1	-5.89483
	0.2	3.19			0.3	-5.65014
	0.3	1			0.6	-4.28172

6. Recall the error bound derived for the Lagrange interpolating polynomial. Let $f : [a, b] \to \mathbb{R}, x, x_i \in [a, b]$ $i = 0, \ldots, n$. Show that there is a there is a $\xi \in [a, b]$ such that

$$f[x_0, x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots, x_n, x] = \frac{f^{(n+1)}(\xi)}{(n+1)!}$$

7. Find the Cubic Spline $S:[1,3] \to \mathbb{R}$ for the points

with the *Clamped*-end point condition. Namely

$$s'(1) = 2$$
 and $s'(3) = 1$