Indian Statistical Institute

Documentation Research and Training Centre

M S in Library and Information Science

Semester IV Paper 16- Scientometrics and Informetrics

Answer any four of the following

4 X 1 = 4

1. Which one of the following is the most acceptable statement?

- A. Metrics reflect the quality of the journal and serve as objective measure for evaluating research
- B. Metrics include qualitative and quantitative studies
- C. Metrics focus the performance of a journal and its scientific value
- D. Metric is used as a measure to decide research funding

2. Scholarly communication

- A. Is Formal and structured
- B. Includes popular articles
- C. Includes classified reports
- D. All the above characterize scholarly communication

3. Open content metric is

- A. derived by Third parties
- B. derived by the publishers
- C. derived by any one
- D. visible to everyone who access web

4. In Bibliometric laws constant measure

- A. provides a standard value
- B. the value varies over discipline and the study environment
- C. is same irrespective of disciplines
- D. is same in a particular study

5. Information growth is characterized by

- A. The growth of disciplines
- B. Growth in all forms of communication
- C. Growth varies across disciplines
- D. Growth is not always measurable

Give brief answers to the following

4 X 3 = 12

- 1. How citations can reflect the growth of disciplinary information
- 2. What are the major Altmetric indicators?
- 3. Explain the relation between obsolescence and information growth
- 4. List some of the open content sources

Answer any four of the following

 $4 \times 6 = 24$

- 1. Provide some explanations about the Open content sources and information quality
- 2. Give some description about unequal distribution
- 3. Sxplain Internal Research Assessment Systems
- 4. What are the non-bibliographic indicators and support with brief explanation of them
- 5. What is information decay? Briefly explain in the nature of information decay.