

Indian Statistical Institute, Bangalore

Statistical Quality Control & Operation Research Unit

MS (QMS) First Year [Batch 2023-2024]

First Semester - Total Quality Management

Final Exam

Date: 22nd November 2023

Maximum marks: 50

Duration: $2\frac{1}{2}$ hours

1. Fill in blanks:-

[5 x 1 = 5]

- is the quality which the producer or supplier is intending to offer to the customer.
- , -----, ----- & ----- rules for brainstorming approach.
- model of standard for quality assurance in production & installation of manufacturing systems.
- Taguchi method based on -----, ----- & ----- to achieve a robust process and result for the best product quality.
- The famous Deming cycle is -----, -----, -----, and -----.

2. Say **True or False** with justification:-

[5 x 2 = 10]

- “Taguchi loss function” is used to measure the financial loss to society resulting from poor quality.
- Cost of maintaining attendance data in a class is example of prevention cost.
- A potential source of a nonconformity is eliminated through the implementation of preventive action.
- “Factual Approach to Decision Making” is one of the TQM principle.
- Dissimilarity between two products for the same characteristic is termed as variation.

3. Answer (**any two**) in detail:-

[2 x 10 = 20]

- Discuss the concepts of “Quality is Customer satisfaction” and bring out the differences with the concept of “Fit for use”.
- Solve the Part-A, B & C of the below problem:
Part-A: A manufacturer of magnetic tapes is interested in reducing the variability of the thickness of the coating on the tape. It is estimated that the loss to the consumer is \$10 per reel if the thickness exceeds 0.005 ± 0.0004 mm. Each reel has 200 m of tape. A random sample of 10 yields the following thicknesses (in millimeters): 0.0048, 0.0053, 0.0051, 0.0051, 0.0052, 0.0049, 0.0051, 0.0047, 0.0054, 0.0052. Find the average loss per reel.
Part-B: A manufacturer of magnetic tapes is interested in reducing the variability of the thickness of the coating on the tape. It is estimated that the loss to the consumer is \$10 per reel if the thickness exceeds 0.005 ± 0.0004 mm. Each reel has 200 m of tape. A random sample of 10 yields the following thicknesses (in millimeters): 0.0048, 0.0053, 0.0051,

0.0051, 0.0052, 0.0049, 0.0051, 0.0047, 0.0054, 0.0052. Find the average loss per reel.

Part-C: Suppose that the manufacturer can rework the thickness prior to shipping the product at a cost of \$2.00 per reel. What should the manufacturer's tolerance be?

- c. Explain concept of quality functional deployment (QFD) for improving the quality of a product with a suitable example.

4. Write in **detail note** (with example) on the followings. **(Any three) [3 x 5 = 15]**

- a. Costs of Poor Quality
- b. FMEA
- c. Kano Model
- d. Quality Control Circle

-----*Best off Luck*-----