# End-Semester Examination: Statistics for Decision Making - 1 

## Note: 1. Answer as much as you can. Maximum you can score is 50

2. Use of Calculator, Statistical Tables allowed
3. The operator of a certain machine suspected that the number of defectives produced in the machine in a shift has a relation with the speed of the machine. He collected data for 12 days which is as follows:

| M/c Speed | No. of <br> Defectives |
| :---: | :---: |
| 14.2 | 9 |
| 11.9 | 6 |
| 15.9 | 12 |
| 18.4 | 12 |
| 9.1 | 6 |
| 14.9 | 9 |
| 16.4 | 11 |
| 10.2 | 7 |
| 14.1 | 10 |
| 16.7 | 9 |
| 11.6 | 8 |
| 12.0 | 7 |
| 15.4 | 10 |
| 12.6 | 8 |
| 13.8 | 9 |
| 15.6 | 10 |

a) Plot a Scatter Diagram to explore the relationship, and offer your comments.
b) Find the Correlation Coefficient.
c) Work out the Regression Line.
d) Find out the R-square.
e) Using the Regression Line, Estimate that, if the machine is run at a speed of 15.5 , what will be the No. of Defectives in that shift.
2. Suppose it is known that, in the evening hours, the Mysore Road traffic constitutes of the following:

| Type of Vehicle | \% of Traffic |
| :--- | :---: |
| Car | 15 |
| 2 Wheeler | 34 |
| Auto | 6 |
| Govt. Bus | 9 |
| Private Bus | 11 |
| Small Truck | 10 |
| Large Truck | 5 |
| Ambulance | 1 |
| Cycles | 4 |
| Other Vehicles | 5 |

If on a particular day, you happen to go to the Mysore Road in the evening,
Simulate what are the next 12 vehicles you are likely to see there.
[Show Steps]
3. The following is the data on height of 30 students (in Cm .):

| 166.5 | 165.5 | 165.1 | 169.2 | 164.1 | 165.7 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 170.2 | 167.5 | 168.4 | 165.9 | 167.1 | 168.1 |
| 166.8 | 162.9 | 167.8 | 161.2 | 167.5 | 164.9 |
| 166.4 | 162.1 | 168.0 | 165.0 | 166.1 | 167.7 |
| 163.6 | 165.6 | 165.6 | 162.1 | 168.8 | 164.2 |

Find out The Mean, Standard Deviation, Mean Deviation, Skewness and Kurtosis.
[Show Calculations]
4. Find the Table values for:
a) Upper $10 \%$ value for " $Z$ " distribution
b) Lower $5 \%$ value for "Chi-square" distribution with 6 d.f.
c) Upper $2.5 \%$ value for "Chi-square" distribution with 10 d.f.
d) Upper $1 \%$ value for " t " distribution with 15 d.f.
e) Upper $1 \%$ value for " $F$ " distribution with 7,10 d.f.
5. State and briefly explain different methods for generating Random Numbers

