## Indian Statistical Institute, Bangalore M.S. (QMS) First Year First Semester – Multivariate Data Analysis

Mid Term Exam	Duration: 2 Hrs	Date: February 20, 2017	Max Marks: 50
	Answer as many		

1. Let a random vector  $x = (x_1, x_2, - -, x_p)'$  is multivariate normally distributed with mean vector  $\mu$  and variance-covariance matrix  $\Sigma$ .

a. Write the probability density function of *x*? Give the maximum likelihood estimator of  $\mu$  and  $\Sigma$ ?

b. The yield and viscosity are two important output characteristics of pulp manufacturing process. The target values of yield and viscosity are given by  $\mu 0 = (3652)$ . A sample of 10 data points on yield and viscosity are collected from the process. The mean vector *xbar* and the inverse of corrected sample variance-covariance matrix  $Su^{-1}$  are given below. Test whether on an average the process is on the target (F table value = 4.46).

$$xbar = (36.49\ 52.25)$$
$$S_u^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 10.54 & -1.23 \\ -1.23 & 0.34 \end{bmatrix}$$

[12]

- 2.
- a. Define Mahalanobis distance?
- b. The data on design review defect density (DR\_DD), code review defect density (CR\_DD) and system & integration testing defect density (SIT\_DD) of nineteen projects are collected from an account. The sample mean vector *xba*r and the inverse of sample variance-covariance matrix *S*<sup>-1</sup> are given below. The data of 3 projects are also given in the table below. Compute the Mahalanobis distance of the projects and arrange them in the increasing order of distance from centre

 $xbar = (0.37\ 0.91\ 1.23)$ 

$$S^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 142.63 & -61.90 & -6.88 \\ -61.90 & 71.43 & -18.05 \\ -6.88 & -18.05 & 16.06 \end{bmatrix}$$

Project Id	DR_DD	CR_DD	SIT_DD
Mondelez 1	0.51	1.13	1.73
Mondelez 2	0.25	0.9	0.8
Mondelez 3	0.47	1.03	1.55

- a. What is the objective of carrying out principal components analysis? Give three different methods to identify the optimum number of principal components?
- b. The correlation matrix of 3 variables from a chemical process is given below. Carryout principal component analysis, identify the variances of principal components and shortlist the optimum number of principal components

	Temperature	Time	Viscosity
Temperature	1.00	-0.96	0.22
Time	-0.96	1.00	-0.24
Viscosity	0.22	-0.24	1.00

4.

- a. Define single, complete and average linkages?
- b. The data on five variables collected from five entities is given below. Group them using hierarchical clustering method. Identify the optimum number of clusters?

Id	<b>X</b> 1	<b>X</b> 2	<b>X</b> 3	<b>X</b> 4	<b>X</b> 5
1	2	6	1	5	7
2	6	7	3	6	2
3	7	6	2	5	2
4	1	6	2	6	7
5	4	7	2	2	1

[15]

3.

[15]