

INDIAN STATISTICAL INSTITUTE, BANGALORE CENTRE
M.MATH - Second Year, Second Semester, 2004-05
Statistics, Backpaper Examination

1. (10) Let Z_1, Z_2 be i.i.d. $N(0, 1)$ and $0 < \rho < 1$. Define $X_1 = Z_1, X_2 = \rho Z_1 + \sqrt{1 - \rho^2} Z_2$. Find X_3 such that

$$\text{Cov}(X_1, X_2, X_3) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \rho & \rho \\ \rho & 1 & \rho \\ \rho & \rho & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

2. (15) Let $\mu_i \in R^1, 1 \leq i \leq p, 0 < \rho < 1$, and $\sigma^2 > 0$ be unknown parameters, and $\epsilon_i \sim N(0, 1), i = 1, \dots, p$ be independent. Let $\mu = (\mu_1, \dots, \mu_p)'$, $\epsilon = (\epsilon_1, \dots, \epsilon_p)'$, and $\Sigma = \sigma^2 [(1 - \rho)I_p + \rho 11']$. Let $X = \Sigma^{1/2} \epsilon + \mu$.

- (a) Find the probability distribution of X .
- (b) Find the determinant and inverse of $(1 - \rho)I_p + \rho 11'$.
- (c) Consider a random sample of size n from the distribution of $X, n > 1$. Find the maximum likelihood estimates of all the unknown parameters.
- (d) Find the population principal components and their variances.

3. (15) Let $A \sim W_p(k, \Sigma)$ and let A_i and Σ_i denote the block sub-matrices consisting of the first i rows and columns of A and Σ , respectively. Define

$$v_1 = \frac{a_{11}}{\sigma_{11}}, \quad v_i = \frac{|A_i| |\Sigma_{i-1}|}{|A_{i-1}| |\Sigma_i|}, \quad i = 2, \dots, p.$$

- (a) Show that v_1, \dots, v_p are independent χ^2 random variables and v_i has $k - i + 1$ degrees of freedom.
- (b) Show that $|A|/|\Sigma|$ is the product of p independent χ^2 random variables with the i th having degrees of freedom $k - i + 1$.

4. (10) Consider the multivariate one-way classification

$$X_{ij} = \mu + \alpha_i + \epsilon_{ij}, \quad \epsilon_{ij} \sim N_p(0, \Sigma), \text{ i.i.d.}, \quad j = 1, \dots, n_i; \quad i = 1, \dots, k.$$

Specify identifiability conditions on α_i and derive the Generalized Likelihood Ratio Test for

$$H_0 : \alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = \dots = \alpha_k = 0.$$