

1. The `H20sat.dat` file in the data directory of the NMM toolbox contains saturation data for water. Use the `divDiffTable` function to construct the divided-difference table and extract the coefficients of the Newton interpolating polynomial in the range  $30 \leq T \leq 35$ .
2. Consider the following data set:

x	y
1	1
2	3
3	2
4	4

Modify `splintFE` to determine the coefficients of the cubic-spline interpolant with zero Fixed-Slope End conditions and plot this spline between this range.

1. Consider  $y = xe^{-x}$ , for  $0 \leq x \leq 8$ . Write a function file, using `hermint`, that creates a piecewise-cubic Hermite approximations with 4, 6, 8, 12 equally spaced points. Plot all 4 of these curves and the function on 4 different graphs.
2. Find the cubic-spline passing through  $(x, y) = (1, 1), (2, 3), (3, 2)$  and  $(4, 4)$ . and having zero slope at  $x = 1$  and  $x = 4$  using `splintFE`. Plot the spline.
3. Show the following Theorem for  $n = 2$  case.

**Theorem:** Assume that  $f \in C^n([a, b])$  and that  $x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n \in [a, b]$  are  $n$  nodes. If  $x \in [a, b]$ , then

$$f(x) = P_{n-1}(x) + e_{n-1}(x),$$

where  $P_{n-1}$  is the Lagrange Polynomial of order  $n - 1$  and

$$e_{n-1}(x) = \frac{(x - x_1)(x - x_2) \dots (x - x_n) f^n(c)}{n!}$$

for some value  $c \equiv c(x)$ .

4. Let  $(x_i, f(x_i), f'(x_i)), i = 1, \dots, n$  be given. Let

$$P_i(x) = a_i + b_i(x - x_i) + c_i(x - x_i)^2 + d_i(x - x_i)^3,$$

be the Hermite cubic interpolant in the range  $[x_i, x_{i+1}]$ . Show that under the following constraints:

$$P_i(x_i) = f(x_i), P'_i(x_i) = f'(x_i), P_i(x_{i+1}) = f(x_{i+1}), P'_i(x_{i+1}) = f'(x_{i+1}), 1 \leq i \leq n - 1,$$

$$\begin{aligned} a_i &= f(x_i), \\ b_i &= f'(x_i), \\ c_i &= \frac{3f[x_i, x_{i+1}] - 2f'(x_i) - f'(x_{i+1})}{(x_{i+1} - x_i)} \\ d_i &= \frac{f'(x_i) - 2f[x_i, x_{i+1}] + f'(x_{i+1})}{(x_{i+1} - x_i)^2} \end{aligned}$$

5. Complete the proof of cubic splines outlined in class for all the three possibilities.
6. Write a function file called `wiggle`, with input parameter  $n$ , to perform the following tasks.
  - (a) Compute  $n$  equally spaced points  $x_k$  values ( $k = 1, \dots, n$ ) on the interval  $-1 \leq x \leq 1$ .
  - (b) Evaluate  $r(x_k)$  where  $r : [-1, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  given by  $r(x) = \frac{1}{1+25x^2}$ .
  - (c) Use the  $n$  pairs of  $(x_k, r(x_k))$  values to define a  $n - 1$  degree polynomial interpolant,  $P_{n-1}$ .
  - (d) Create 100 equally spaced points  $\hat{x}_j$  values ( $j = 1, \dots, 100$ ) in the interval  $-1 \leq x \leq 1$  and evaluate  $P_{n-1}(\hat{x}_k)$ .
  - (e) Plot  $(x_k, r(x_k)), 1 \leq k \leq 10$  with open circles;  $(\hat{x}_j, r(\hat{x}_j)), j = 1, \dots, 100$  with solid line; and  $(\hat{x}_j, P_{n-1}(\hat{x}_j)), j = 1, \dots, 100$  with dashed line.
  - (f) Print the value of  $\| r(\hat{x}) - P_{n-1}(\hat{x}) \|_2$ .

Run your `wiggle` function and see if you spot a wiggle effect for  $n = 5 : 2 : 15$  and see the behaviour of (f).